the Constitutional Convention in 1787, as a leader in the House of Representatives, as Secretary of State, and as the Nation's fourth President, are an inspiration to all men, women, and children in the conduct of their personal and private lives; and

Whereas the ideals and inspiring example of James Madison are of utmost importance to the future of the American Nation as it enters a new millennium: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Congress—

(1) recognizes the historical significance of James Madison's birth, as well as his contributions to the Nation during his

lifetime;
(2) urges all American patriotic and civil associations, labor organizations, schools, universities, historical societies, and communities of learning and worship, together with citizens throughout the United States, to develop appropriate programs and educational activities to recognize and celebrate the life and achievements of James Madison; and

(3) requests that the President issue a proclamation recognizing the 250th anniversary of the birth of James Madison and calling upon the people of the United States to observe the life and legacy of James Madison with appropriate cere-

monies and activities.

Agreed to October 25, 2000.

Oct. 27, 2000

[H. Con. Res. 408]

HMT ROHNA SERVICE MEMBERS—APPRECIATION

- Whereas on November 26, 1943, a German bomber off the coast of North Africa sunk the British transport HMT ROHNA with a radio-controlled, rocket-boosted bomb;
- Whereas 1,015 United States service members and more than 100 British and Allied officers and crewmen perished as a result of the attack:
- Whereas hundreds died immediately when the bomb struck and hundreds more died when darkness and rough seas limited rescue efforts:
- Whereas many families still do not know the circumstances of the deaths of loved ones who died as a result of the attack:
- Whereas more than 900 United States service members survived the attack under extremely adverse circumstances;
- Whereas United States, British, and French rescuers worked valiantly to save the passengers and crew who made it off the HMT ROHNA into the sea;
- Whereas one United States ship, the USS PIONEER, picked up many of those who were saved;
- Whereas because of inadequate record keeping, some survivors of the attack struggled for years to verify the details of the sinking of the HMT ROHNA;
- Whereas the men who died as a result of the attack on the HMT ROHNA have been largely forgotten by the Nation; and

Whereas the Congress and the people of the United States have never recognized the bravery and sacrifice of the United States service members who died as a result of the sinking of the HMT ROHNA or the United States service members who survived the sinking and continued to serve the Nation valiantly abroad during the war: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

That the Congress expresses appreciation for—

(1) the United States service members who died in the sinking of the HMT ROHNA, for the heroic sacrifice they made

for freedom and the defense of the Nation;

(2) the United States service members who survived the sinking of the HMT ROHNA, for their bravery in the face of disaster and their subsequent service during the war on behalf of the Nation;

(3) the families of all of these service members; and

(4) the United States, British, and French rescuers, especially the crew of the USS PIONEER, who endangered their lives to save the passengers and crew of the HMT ROHNA.

Agreed to October 27, 2000.

COIN COLLECTORS—ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Oct. 30, 2000

[S. Con. Res. 154]

Whereas in 1982, after a period of 28 years, the Congress of the United States resumed the United States commemorative coin

Whereas since 1982, 37 of the Nation's worthy institutions, organizations, foundations, and programs have been commemo-

rated under the coin programs;

Whereas since 1982, the Nation's coin collectors have purchased nearly 49,000,000 commemorative coins that have yielded nearly \$1,800,000,000 in revenue and more than \$407,000,000 in sur-

charges benefitting a variety of deserving causes; Whereas the United States Capitol has benefitted from the commemorative coin surcharges that have supported such commendable projects as the restoration of the Statue of Freedom atop the Capitol dome, the furtherance of the development of the United States Capitol Visitor Center, and the planned National Garden at the United States Botanic Gardens on the Capitol grounds;

Whereas surcharges from the year 2000 coin program commemorating the Library of Congress bicentennial benefit the Library of Congress bicentennial programs, educational outreach activities (including schools and libraries), and other activities of the Library of Congress; and

Whereas the United States Capitol Visitor Center commemorative coin program will commence in January 2001, with the surcharges designated to further benefit the Capitol Visitor Center: Now,

therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Congress of the United States acknowledges and salutes the ongoing generosity, loyalty, and significant role that coin collectors have played in supporting our Nation's meritorious charitable organizations, foundations, institutions, and programs,